



# SPONSORS



ELASTICBRAINS



QAWARE



Google Cloud

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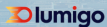
ISOVALENT



INNOVATIVE SOLUTIONS  
BY OPEN SOURCE EXPERTS



StormForge



EXOSCALE



Red Hat



SysEleven



white duck

THE OPEN SOURCE PROJECT



blueshoe

Speaker: Arik Grahl  
Company: SysEleven

# HONEY, I SHRUNK THE DATACENTER

## Operating Bare-Metal Kubernetes at Home for Fun and Data Sovereignty

```
echo $(whoami)
```



[arik-grahl.de/talks/kcd-munich-2023](https://arik-grahl.de/talks/kcd-munich-2023)

```
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: Person
metadata:
  name: Arik Grahl
  pronouns: he/him
spec:
  work:
    company: SysEleven
    role: SRE
  background: full-stack web developer
  passions:
    - FOSS advocate
    - data hoarder and self-hoster
  contact:
    web: www.arik-grahl.de
    gitlab: gitlab.com/arik.grahl
    github: github.com/arikgrahl
    linkedin: linkedin.com/in/arikgrahl
    mastodon: chaos.social/@arikgrahl
```

data sovereignty as an implementation of privacy

# Why Data Sovereignty? (2/3)

The Guardian



The Cambridge Analytica Files  
Cambridge Analytica

## Revealed: 50 million Facebook profiles harvested for Cambridge Analytica in major data breach

Whistleblower describes how firm linked to former Trump adviser Steve Bannon compiled user data to target American voters

- **I made Steve Bannon's psychological warfare tool: meet the data war whistleblower**
- **Mark Zuckerberg breaks silence on Cambridge Analytica**



Arik Grahl

## Surveillance Capitalism and the Challenge of Collective Action

New Labor Forum  
2019, Vol. 28(1) 10-29  
Copyright © 2019, The Murphy Institute,  
City University of New York  
DOI: 10.1177/1095796018819461

Shoshana Zuboff<sup>1</sup>

### Keywords

capitalism, surveillance, digital technologies, democracy, collective action, twenty-first-century society, social inequality, power, internet, surveillance capitalism

### Publisher's note:

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### What Is Surveillance Capitalism?

In our time, surveillance capitalism repeats capitalism's "original sin" of primitive accumulation. It revives Karl Marx's old image of capitalism as a vampire that feeds on labor, but with an unexpected turn. Instead of claiming work (or land, or wealth) for the market dynamic as industrial capitalism once did, surveillance capitalism audaciously lays claim to private experience for translation into fungible commodities that are rapidly swept up into the exhilarating life of the market.<sup>1</sup> Invented at Google and elaborated at Facebook in the online milieu of targeted advertising, surveillance capitalism embodies a new logic of accumulation. Like an invasive species with no

right down to each individual member. The competition for surveillance revenues bears down on our bodies, our automobiles, our homes, and our cities, challenging human autonomy and democratic sovereignty in a battle for power and profit as violent as any the world has seen. Surveillance capitalism cannot be imagined as something "out there" in factories and offices. Its aims and effects are *here ... are us*.

Just as surveillance capitalism can no longer be conflated with an individual corporation, neither should it be conflated with "technology." Digital technologies can take many forms and have many effects, depending on the social and economic logics that bring them to life. The economic orientation is the puppet master; technology is the puppet. Thus, surveillance



# Why Data Sovereignty? (3/3)

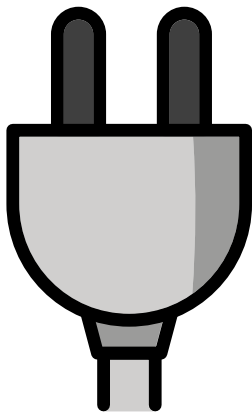
- implications: self-hosting
  - services must be self-owned
  - data must be physical present

# Self-hosting Requirements (1/6)



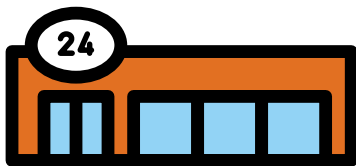
- cost-effective
  - costs privately covered
  - no monetary equivalent for service

## Self-hosting Requirements (2/6)



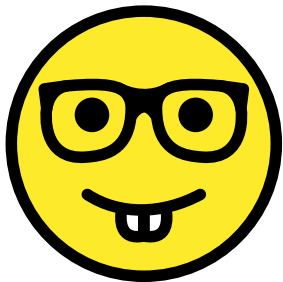
- energy-efficient
  - climate crisis is real
  - no accidental home heating

# Self-hosting Requirements (3/6)



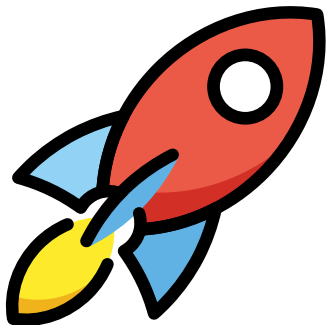
- general available
  - commodity hardware
  - spare parts should be available easily

# Self-hosting Requirements (4/6)



- opinionated
  - no sacrificing of cloud-native patterns
  - modern infrastructure

# Self-hosting Requirements (5/6)



- performance and availability
  - sufficiently fast for medium-intensive workloads
  - best availability and partition tolerance

# Self-hosting Requirements (6/6)



- non-goals
  - (infinite) scalability
  - multi-tenancy

# Power Supply (1/2)

- data center usually have redundant
  - main power distribution
  - automatic transfer switch
  - diesel generator
  - uninterruptible power supplies (UPSs)
- home setup limited to UPS
  - surge protection
  - 240 W
  - integrated battery
    - lasts for 5 minutes
    - replaceable





## Power Supply (2/2)

- emergency power off: power outlet strip
- in cases of
  - technical malfunction (safety)
  - home raids (security)



# Server Rack

- server racks
  - pricey
  - most hardware is not rack-mountable
- DIY wooden server rack
  - inexpensive
  - optimization of dimensions
  - maintenance-friendly



# Networking (1/4)

- home internet involves proprietary protocols
  - VDSL2 (with Vectoring)
  - DOCSIS
- provider's router is de facto mandatory



# Networking (2/4)

- unmanaged switch allows low maintenance
- most midbudget devices do not support more than 1 Gbit/s
- 16 ethernet ports allow
  - connecting of devices
  - interconnecting of different rooms



# Networking (3/4)



- WireGuard as VPN solution
  - connecting clients from outside networks
  - interconnecting private IP networks of friends

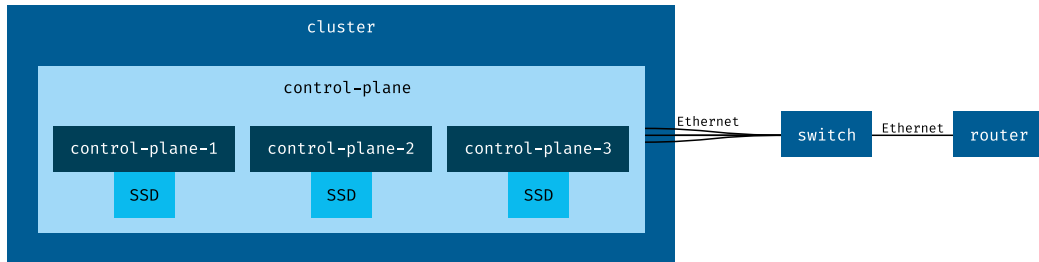


# Control Plane (1/3)

- Raspberry Pi 4 Model B
  - Quadcore Cortex-A72 CPU (arm64)
  - 4 GiB LPDDR4 RAM
  - 2 USB3.0 Ports
  - Gigabit Ethernet
- 256 GB SSD via USB
- Cluster case
- extended by a 3D printed SSD mount



## Control Plane (2/3)







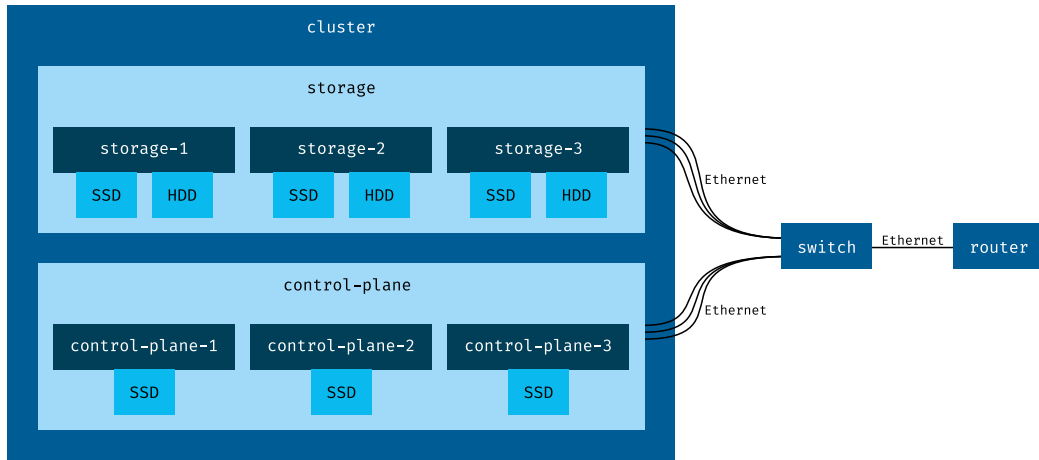
- Kubernetes control plane
  - etcd
  - kube API server
  - kube controller manager
  - kube scheduler
  - CoreDNS
- managed with kubeadm

# Storage (1/3)

- Odroid HC4
  - Quadcore Cortex-A53 CPU (arm64)
  - 4 GiB DDR4 RAM
  - 2 SATA ports
  - Gigabit Ethernet
- 512 GB SSD
- 12 TB HDD



## Storage (2/3)





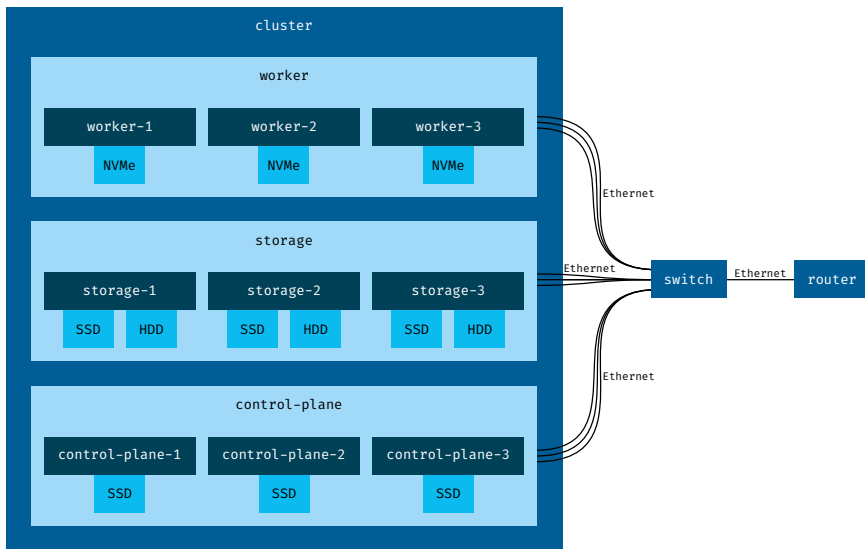
- Ceph Cluster
  - pools
    - SSD
    - HDD
  - storage types
    - block (RBD)
    - filesystem (CephFS)
    - object (RGW)
- fully managed with Rook

# Compute (1/2)

- Intel NUC8I7BEH2
  - Quadcore i7-8559U CPU (amd64)
  - 16 GiB DDR4 RAM
  - M.2 port
  - Gigabit Ethernet
- 512 GB NVMe



# Compute (2/2)



# Maintenance Console

- network-accessable KVM (keyboard, video, mouse)
  - cheap HDMI capture card
  - USB On-The-Go (OTG) of RaspberryPI 4 Model B emulates
    - human interface devices (HIDs)
    - mass storage
  - PiKVM as linux distrubtion
    - convenient webinterface
    - low-latency interaction
    - booting of ISO images



# Hardware Reset

- ZigBee smart plug as hardware reset
  - inexpensive
  - also enables power monitoring







- Linux Unified Key Setup (LUKS)
  - full disk encryption
  - high security
  - good performance
- Dropbear SSH
  - boots from initramfs
  - enables remote unlock of disks

# Backups (1/3)

- 3-2-1 rule
  - 3 copies
  - 2 media
  - 1 offsite
- implies encryption at rest
- proven solutions
  - borgbackup
  - restic
- Hetzner storage box as remote target
  - cost-effective
  - flexible



# Backups (2/3)

```
---
apiVersion: batch/v1
kind: CronJob
# ...
spec:
  schedule: "0 4 * * *"
  concurrencyPolicy: Forbid
  # ...
  containers:
    - image: docker.arik-grahl.de/containerization/restic
      workingDir: '/pvc/home-assistant-stable-webapp'
      envFrom:
        - secretRef:
            name: backup-home-assistant-stable-webapp
      env:
        - name: RESTIC_REPOSITORY
          value: sftp://u123456@u123456.your-storagebox.de:23/backups/home-assistant-stable-webapp
      volumeMounts:
        - name: data
          mountPath: /pvc/home-assistant-stable-webapp
        - name: secret
          mountPath: /root/.ssh
  # ...
```

# Backups (3/3)

```
---
apiVersion: batch/v1
kind: CronJob
# ...
command:
  - sh
  - -c
  - |
    #!/usr/bin/env sh -e
    restic backup \
      --host=home-assistant-stable-webapp \
      --compression=max \
      .
    restic forget \
      --host=home-assistant-stable-webapp \
      --prune \
      --keep-daily=7 \
      --keep-weekly=4 \
      --keep-monthly=12 \
      --keep-yearly=-1
```

- Ansible
  - infrastructure as code
- Helm and `helmfile`
  - most application stacks
- `kubectl`
  - unpackaged applications
  - ad-hoc workloads

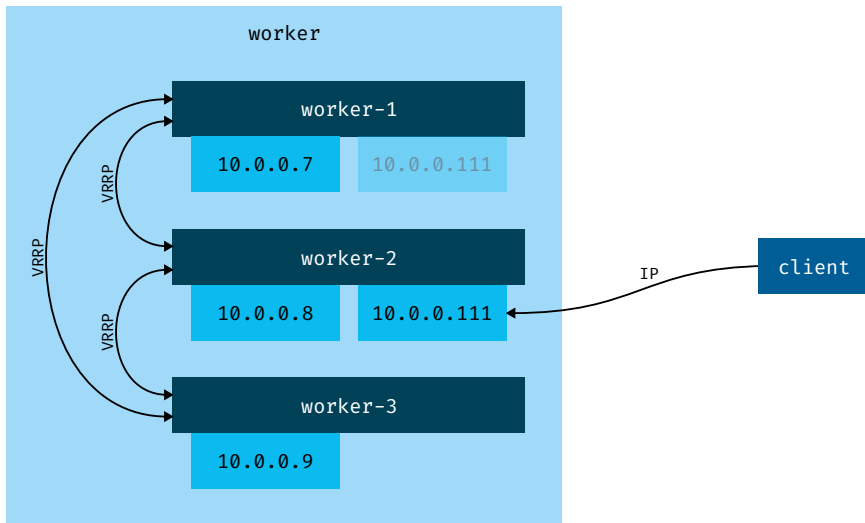


# Loadbalancer (1/2)

- data centers provide hardware solutions
- Keepalived as a software solution
  - IP Virtual Server (IPVS) Layer 4 loadbalancing
  - Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) for high-availability (HA)



## Loadbalancer (2/2)

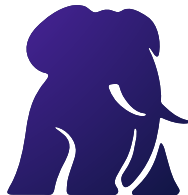


- Ingress Nginx Controller
  - as DaemonSet on every worker node
  - externalIPs pointing to virtual IP address





- central PostgreSQL cluster for all services
- CloudNative PG as a PostgreSQL operator
  - high availability (HA)
  - full lifecycle management
  - PgBouncer as connection pooler with modes
    - session
    - transaction
    - statement



## CloudNativePG

- Kube Prometheus Stack
  - Prometheus
  - Prometheus Node Exporter
  - Alertmanager
  - Grafana



# Authentication and Authorization (1/2)

- Keycloak as Identity and Access Management (IAM)
  - OpenID Connect (OIDC) integration
  - rich integration in most services
- OAuth2 Proxy for HTTP endpoint authentication
  - generic solution for any unauthenticated services
  - authorization through defined groups



# Authentication and Authorization (2/2)

```
---
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: test.example.com
  annotations:
    nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/auth-url: "https://$host/oauth2/auth?allowed_groups=tester"
    nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/auth-signin: "https://$host/oauth2/start?rd=$escaped_request_uri"
    nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/auth-response-headers: "x-auth-request-user, x-auth-request-email"
    nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/proxy-buffer-size: "8k"
# ...
```

```
---
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  name: test.example.com-auth
# ...
- path: /oauth2
  backend:
    service:
      name: oauth2-proxy-stable
# ...
```



- GitLab
  - version control system (VCS)
  - continuous integration (CI) infrastructure
  - container registry

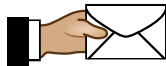
- email
  - Postfix for relaying outgoing to upstream SMTP
  - Dovecot as IMAP server for storing email
  - Fetchmail to poll upstream inbox



**POSTFIX**



**DOVECOT**



**fetchmail**

- messaging
  - Mattermost
  - Matrix



[**matrix**]



- Nextcloud
  - file sharing via browser, desktop client, mobile app, WebDAV
  - calendar management via browser, CalDAV
  - contact management via browser, CardDAV
  - notes via browser, editor, mobile app
  - news reader via browser, mobile app
  - GPS tracks via browser
  - recipe management via browser, mobile app





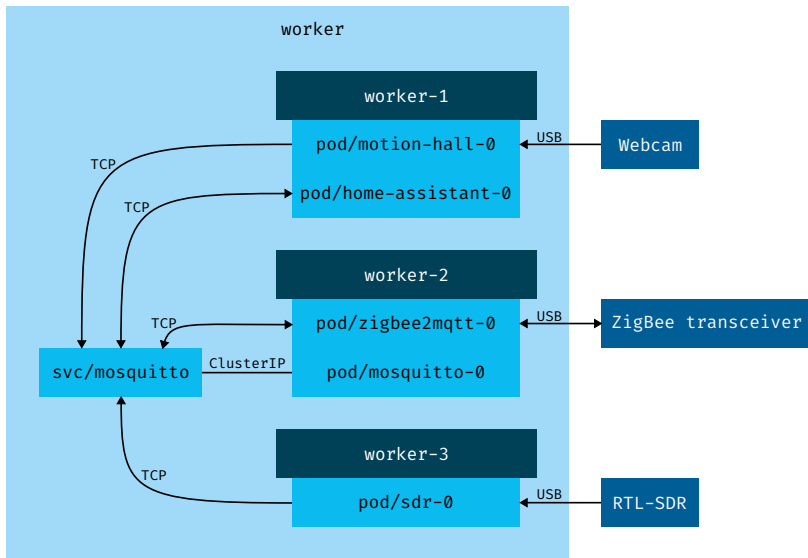
- Jellyfin
  - media types
    - music
    - movies
    - series
  - user interfaces
    - browser
    - AndroidTV/AppleTV
    - mobile apps
    - Kodi

# Home Automation and IoT (1/2)

- wireless standards
  - ZigBee
  - ISM via Software Defined Radio (SDR)
- MQTT
  - Zigbee2MQTT
  - rtl\_433 with MQTT output
- Home Assistant
  - frontend to control, visualize, automate
    - browser
    - mobile app
  - voice assistant
    - speech to text (STT): Whisper
    - text to speech (TTS): Piper

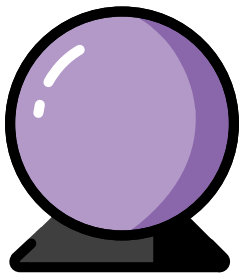


# Home Automation and IoT (2/2)

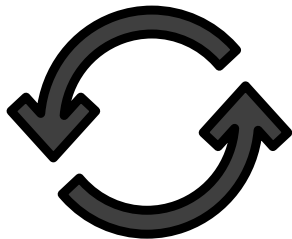


- Vaultwarden
  - Bitwarden API-compatible Rust-based alternative
  - user interfaces
    - browser and extension
    - mobile app
    - cli tools





- elastic node setup
  - scale-up and scale-down of workers
  - optimization of power consumption
- modernization
  - replacement of legacy services with 12-factor apps
  - migration of shared filesystem towards object store
- automation
  - application lifecycle management



- quite some work but overall a lot of fun
- extremely maintenance-friendly setup
- great environment to learn, experiment and educate
- energy-efficient operation possible
- in home setups there is no need to sacrifice
  - storage provision
  - “HA” loadbalancing and ingress
  - rich services



# Operating Bare-Metal Kubernetes at Home for Fun and Data Sovereignty

